Cameron Middle School Common Core State Standards Sixth Grade Math Scope & Sequence – at a Glance

Common Core State Standards: Curriculum Map												
1 st Semester				2 nd Semester								
Uni	it 1		Unit 2		Unit 3	Unit 3		Unit 4		Unit 5		Review
Ch 1	Ch 2	Ch 3	Ch 4	Ch 5	Ch 6	Ch 7	Ch 8	Ch 9	Ch 10	Ch 11	Ch 12	Review
15 days	15 days	15 days	10 days	20 days	10 days	15 days	15 days	10 days	10 days	15 days	10days	15 days
Rate, Ratio	Fractions, Decimals and Percent	Compute with Multi- Digit Numbers	Divide Fractions	Integers (negatives), Rational Numbers and the Coordinate Plane	Expressions	Equations	Relationships & Inequalities	Area	Volume and Surface Area	Statistical Measures	Statistical Displays	Review
6.RP.A.3d 6.RP.A.3c 6.RP.A.3b 6.RP.A.3a 6.RP.A.3 6.RP.A.2	6.NS.A.1 6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4	6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4	6.NS.A.1	6.NS.C.5 6.NS.C.6a 6.NS.C.6b 6.NS.C.6c 6.NS.C.7 6.NS.C.7a 6.NS.C.7b 6.NS.C.7c 6.NS.C.7d 6.NS.C.7d 6.NS.C.8	6.EE.A.1 6.EE.A.2 6.EE.A.2a 6.EE.A.2b 6.EE.A.2c 6.EE.A.3 6.EE.A.4	6.EE.B.5 6.EE.B.6 6.EE.B.7	6.EE.C.9 6.EE.B.8	6.G.A.1	6.G.A.2 6.G.A.4	6.SP.A.1 6.SP.A.2 6.SP.A.3	6.SP.B.5 6.SP.B.4	

These units are written to build upon concepts from prior units, so later units contain tasks that depend upon the concepts addressed in earlier units.

All units will include the Mathematical Practices and indicate skills to maintain.

Mathematical Practices						
MP 1: Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	MP2: Reason abstractly and quantitatively	MP 3: Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	MP 4: Model with mathematics.			
MP 5: Use appropriate tools strategically	MP 6: Attend to precision.	MP 7: Look for and make use of structure	MP 8: Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.			

NOTE: Mathematical standards are interwoven and will be addressed throughout the year in as many different units and tasks as possible in order to stress the natural connections that exist among mathematical topics.

Grades 6-8 Key: NS = The Number System, RP = Ratios and Proportional Relationships, EE = Expressions and Equations, G = Geometry, SP = Statistics and Probability.

Cameron Middle School Common Core State Standards Sixth Grade – 1st Semester

	Sixui Giaue	– 1 Semester				
Common Core State Standards: Curriculum Map						
Standards for Mathematical Practice						
1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solv	ing them.	5 Use appropriate tools strategically.				
2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.		6 Attend to precision.				
3 Construct viable arguments and critique the re-	asoning of others.	7 Look for and make use of structure.				
4 Model with mathematics.		8 Look for and express regularity in repeated rea	soning.			
	1 st Sei					
77	Standards		XX 1.0			
Unit 1	Un		Unit 3			
Rate, Ratio, Fractions, Decimals	Compute with Multi-Digit Numbers,	Integers (negatives), Rational	Expressions and Equations			
and Percents	Multiply & Divide Fractions	Numbers and the Coordinate Plane				
Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems. 6.RP.A.1 Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio	Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to divide fractions by fractions. 6.NS.A.1 Interpret and compute quotients	Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers. 6.NS.C.5 Understand that positive and	Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions. 6.EE.A.1 Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number			
relationship between two quantities.	of fractions, and solve word problems	negative numbers are used together to describe	exponents.			
6.RP.A.2 Understand the concept of a unit rate	involving division of fractions by fractions,	quantities having opposite directions or values	6.EE.A2 Write, read, and evaluate			
a/b associated with a ratio $a:b$ with	e.g., by using visual fraction models and	(e.g., temperature above/below zero, elevation	expressions in which letters stand for			
•	equations to represent the problem.	above/below sea level, debits/credits,	numbers.			
$b \neq 0$ (b not equal to zero), and use rate	Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers	positive/negative electric charge); use positive	6.EE.A.2a Write expressions that record			
language in the context of a ratio relationship. 6.RP.A.3 Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. 6.RP.A.3a Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios. 6.RP.A.3b Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed. 6.RP.A.3c Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 (e.g., 30% of a quantity means 30/100 times the quantity); solve problems involving finding the whole given a part and the percent. 6.RP.A.3d Use ratio reasoning to convert measurement units; manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities.	and find common factors and multiples. 6.NS.B.2 Fluently divide multi-digit numbers using the standard algorithm. 6.NS.B.3 Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit decimals using the standard algorithm for each operation. 6.NS.B.4 Find the greatest common factor of two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 and the least common multiple of two whole numbers less than or equal to 12. Use the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1–100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor.	and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation. 6.NS.C.6 Understand a rational number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes familiar from previous grades to represent points on the line and in the plane with negative number coordinates. 6.NS.C.6a Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself, e.g., $-(-3) = 3$, and that 0 is its own opposite. 6.NS.C.6b Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane; recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes. 6.NS.C.6c Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.	operations with numbers and with letters standing for numbers. 6.EE.A.2b Identify parts of an expression using mathematical terms (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, coefficient); view one or more parts of an expression as a single entity. 6.EE.A.2c Evaluate expressions at specific values for their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas in real-world problems. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole-number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations). 6.EE.A.3 Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. 6.EE.A.4 Identify when two expressions are equivalent (i.e., when the two expressions name the same number regardless of which value is substituted into them).			

6 N S R A	6.NS.B.4	6.NS.B.4	6.NS.B.4	
6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4	6.NS.B.3	6.NS.B.3	6.NS.B.3	
6.NS.B.2	6.NS.B.2	6.NS.B.2	6.NS.B.2	
6.NS.A.1	6.NS.A.1	6.NS.A.1	6.NS.A.1	
		d Standards		
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		problems.		
		context of solving real-world and mathematical		
		second coordinate. Apply these techniques in the		
		points with the same first coordinate or the same		
		coordinates to find the length of a side joining		
		given coordinates for the vertices; use		
		6.G.A.3 Draw polygons in the coordinate plane		
		volume.		
		problems involving area, surface area, and		
		Solve real-world and mathematical		
		first coordinate or the same second coordinate.		
		to find distances between points with the same		
		Include use of coordinates and absolute value		
		all four quadrants of the coordinate plane.		
		problems by graphing points in		
		6.NS.C.8 Solve real-world and mathematical		
		6.NS.C.7d Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order.		
		in a real-world situation.		
		magnitude for a positive or negative quantity		
		number line; interpret absolute value as		
		rational number as its distance from 0 on the		
		6.NS.C.7c Understand the absolute value of a		
		real-world contexts.		
		statements of order for rational numbers in		
		6.NS.C.7b Write, interpret, and explain		
		diagram.		
		position of two numbers on a number line		
		inequality as statements about the relative		
		6.NS.C.7a Interpret statements of		
		absolute value of rational numbers.		
		6.NS.C.7 Understand ordering and		

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Cameron Middle School} \\ \textbf{Common Core State Standards} \\ \textbf{Sixth Grade} - 2^{nd} \textbf{ Semester} \end{array}$

Common Core State Standards: Curriculum Map					
	Standards for Ma	thematical Practice			
1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solv	ing them.	5 Use appropriate tools strategically.			
2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.		6 Attend to precision.			
3 Construct viable arguments and critique the re	asoning of others.	7 Look for and make use of structure.			
4 Model with mathematics.	Č	8 Look for and express regularity in repeated rea	soning.		
	2 nd So	emester	5		
		Addressed			
Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5			
Equations, Functions and	Area, Volume and Surface Area	Statistical Measures and Statistical	Test Review		
Inequalities		Displays			
Reason about and solve one-variable	Solve real-world and mathematical	Develop understanding of statistical	ALL		
equations and inequalities.	problems involving area, surface area, and	variability.			
6.EE.B.5 Understand solving an equation	volume.	6.SP.A.1 Recognize a statistical question			
or inequality as a process of answering a	6.G.A.1 Find area of right triangles, other	as one that anticipates variability in the data			
question: which values from a specified set, if	triangles, special quadrilaterals, and polygons	related to the question and accounts for it in			
any, make the equation or inequality true? Use	by composing into rectangles or decomposing	the answers.			
substitution to determine whether a given	into triangles and other shapes; apply these	6.SP.A.2 Understand that a set of data			
number in a specified set makes an equation or	techniques in the context of solving real-world	collected to answer a statistical question has a			
inequality true.	and mathematical problems.	distribution which can be described by its			
6.EE.B.6 Use variables to represent numbers	6.G.A.2 Find the volume of a right	center, spread, and overall shape.			
and write expressions when solving a real-	rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths	6.SP.A.3 Recognize that a measure of center			
world or mathematical problem;	by packing it with unit cubes of the	for a numerical data set summarizes all of its			
understand that a variable can represent an	appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and	values with a single number, while a			
unknown number, or, depending on the	show that the volume is the same as would be	measure of variation describes how its values			
purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.	found by multiplying the edge lengths of the	vary with a single number.			
6.EE.B.7 Solve real-world and	prism. Apply the formulas $V = lwh$ and	Summarize and describe distributions.			
mathematical problems by writing and solving	V = bh to find volumes of right rectangular	6.SP.B.4 Display numerical data in plots on			
equations of the form $x + p = q$ and $px = q$	prisms with fractional edge lengths in the	a number line, including dot plots,			
for cases in which p, q and x are all	context of solving real-world and	histograms, and box plots.			
nonnegative rational numbers.	mathematical problems.	6.SP.B.5 Summarize numerical data sets in			
6.EE.B.8 Write an inequality of the form	6.G.A.4 Represent three-dimensional figures	relation to their context, such as by:			
x > c or $x < c$ to represent a constraint or	using nets made up of rectangles and	a. Reporting the number of observations.			
condition in a real-world or mathematical	triangles, and use the nets to find the surface	b. Describing the nature of the attribute under			
problem. Recognize that inequalities of the	area of these figures. Apply these techniques	investigation, including how it was measured			
form $x > c$ or $x < c$ have infinitely many	in the context of solving real-world and	and its units of measurement.			
solutions; represent solutions of such	mathematical problems.	c. Giving quantitative measures of center			
inequalities on number line diagrams.		(median and/or mean) and variability			
Represent and analyze quantitative		(interquartile range and/or mean absolute			
relationships between dependent and		deviation), as well as describing any overall			
independent variables.		pattern and any striking deviations from the			
6.EE.C.9 Use variables to represent two		overall pattern with reference to the context in			
quantities in a real-world problem that		which the data was gathered.			
change in relationship to one another;		d. Relating the choice of measures of center			
write an equation to express one		and variability to the shape of the data			
quantity, thought of as the dependent		distribution and the context in which the			
variable, in terms of the other quantity,		data was gathered.			

Incorporated Standards 6.NS.A.1 6.EE.2c 6.NS.A.1 6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4 6.NS.B.4 6.NS.B.4 6.NS.B.4 6.NS.B.4	thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation.			
6.NS.A.1 6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.3		Incornorate	d Standards	
6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4	6.NS.A.1	6.EE.2c	6.NS.A.1	
6.NS.B.4 6.NS.B.3 6.NS.B.4	6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3	6.NS.A.1 6.NS.B.2	6.NS.B.2 6.NS.B.3	
	6.NS.B.4	6.NS.B.3	6.NS.B.4	